## **MATERIALS**

- Clean glass jar with lid\* (plastic lid if possible)
- Whole grain of choice
- Water
- Liquid culture starter (about 1 to 2 tablespoons per cup of grains)—this can be any
  fermented liquid including whey, homemade kefir, kombucha, or brine from
  fermented veggies, kimchi, or kraut)
- \* I use a quart-size (4-cup) glass ball jar for up to a cup of dry grains. If you are cooking more than 1 cup of grains, then you will need a larger jar.

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Add the uncooked whole grain to a clean glass jar.
- 2. Fill with water, leaving about 2 to 3 inches of space. If I am using a 4-cup ball jar, I generally fill it until the 3-cup mark.
- 3. Add in the liquid starter culture. If you are using a 4-cup quart jar and are using 1 cup of dry grains or less, then 1 to 2 tablespoons of starter is plenty. If you are using a larger jar and more grains multiply the quantity as needed.
- 4. Place the lid onto the jar and close tightly. Shake the jar around until the culture is completely blended with the water and grains.
- 5. Let the jar sit in a warm area (ideally around 70° to 80°) for 12 to 48 hours, depending on your fermentation preference. I prefer a milder ferment with an average of 24 hours of fermentation time. **TIP:** If it is chilly in your kitchen, keep your jar by a warm stove, in the oven with a pilot light, by a warm heater, or by a warm crackpot.
- 6. After the allotted time, use a fine mesh strainer to drain out the fermenting water; discard water.
- 7. Once fermented and strained, cook the grains as usual, but be cautious that less water and cooking time are often needed, especially with longer ferments.
- 8. If you are grinding your grain to make a porridge or flatbread, I suggest straining as usual and then adding the grains to a blender. Pour in the liquid needed to make the porridge or flatbread and blend them together to make a water paste. Then cook as usual.